

#### Department of Secondary and Further Education

Secondary phase specific mentor training AY 23/24



### Housekeeping



- This training is for anyone mentoring a Secondary trainee during academic year 2023-2024.
- It forms part of the core training all Secondary mentors must undertake (as per the Ofsted compliance guidance).
- The PPt delivered and any relevant links will be emailed out to all those who attended.
- To assist with our QA and compliance processes, we hold a list of all mentors who have attended training each academic year. Please put your name and school into the chat if you have not booked on for this session.
- There will be time at the end of the session for Q&A or alternatively use the chat function throughout.

# This session will cover:

- Secondary mentor training for 2023-24
- How have we designed our curriculum?
- The curriculum as the progress model
- Assessing progress during placement
- How does the paperwork capture progress?
- Progress Support Plans: supporting trainees who are not making progress
- Taking the next step with your mentor training

### Welcome to Secondary mentor training 2023-24

We require all mentors to partake in training once per academic year and do not place trainees with untrained mentors. This training is for anyone **mentoring a Secondary trainee during academic year 2022-2023 and forms part of the training we ask mentors to undertake**.

- School-based experience (Professional Practice) is a significant and fundamental component of any ITE course (Secondary or FE). It is important to us that our mentors are equipped with the necessary knowledge, skills, and familiarity with our processes so you are able to best support our trainees on their ITE journey and better able to support trainee experience.
- 2. We want to **develop our mentors in your role** as ITE mentors via the CPD which mentoring provides. We will provide you with feedback during your time with us as a mentor.
- As part of our Ofsted compliance and internal Quality Assurance measures we are required to ensure that all school-based mentors are adequately prepared and supported so you are best placed to prepare and support trainees. For 2023-24, we are asking mentors to undertake 4 tasks before placement starts:
  - Core training (this session)
  - Subject specific training (delivered by subject specific tutors)
  - The craft of being a mentor & models of mentoring (asynchronous)
  - Utilising the mentor space and documentation (asynchronous)
- 4. It enables us to keep your knowledge and expertise about ITE up to date so there is **ongoing alignment** between what what is delivered at university and the experiences trainees have with you during their Professional Practice.

### Mentoring with Edge Hill

In line with the arrangements for mentoring Early Career Teachers, the mentoring approach within the department of Secondary and Further Education is underpinned by the notion **Instructional Coaching**:

'working with a **novice** in an individualised, classroom-based, observation-feedback-practice cycle. Crucially, instructional coaching involves revisiting the same specific skills several times, with focused, bite-sized bits of feedback specifying not just what but **how** the novice needs to improve during each cycle'<sup>1</sup>

As the **expert** in your subject, we ask expert colleagues to mentor our **novice** teachers (trainees) by:

- Modelling what good teaching and ways of knowing looks like in your subject area, including the use of current research.
- Providing opportunities for trainees to observe, practice, reflect and receive feedback related to helping them develop key skills/knowledge/understanding.
- Setting targets which enable trainees to develop what they understand or can do rather than 'tasks' to complete
- Meeting once per week for a 1:1 structured mentoring conversation which focuses on the formative questions and the trainee's learning for that week (in line with the curriculum)

We have provided an asynchronous session for you to undertake which focuses on models of mentoring and which will assist with your mentoring of the trainee and setting appropriate opportunities for them to develop.

### How has our curriculum been designed?

#### **The Core Content Framework**

- All curricula is **fully compliant for Ofsted and the DfE**.
- We cover all aspects of the Core Content Framework but we also go well beyond this.
- Our curriculum enables trainees to make progress towards their QTS recommendation at the end of their course.
- It enables trainees to transition into the Early Career Framework as part of their Early Career Teacher phase.



#### The Edge Hill ITE Pillars

- All ITE at Edge Hill is underpinned by our faculty vision to 'work together creatively to enhance life chances'.
- This is demonstrated via our 3 pillars which underpin **our curriculum intent**:
  - 1. Personal and Professional values, attitudes and beliefs
  - 2. Subject and Curriculum Knowledge
  - 3. The craft of teaching and pedagogy



# Involvement from partners and subject associations

- At all stages of the curriculum design process we have consulted with partners such as mentors and ITE leads. This has been at a whole programme level but also at a subject level.
- We have also consulted and had our curricula quality assured by subject associations.



### The curriculum as the progress model

- To make progress, trainees need to demonstrate what they know and know how to each week in relation to their curriculum.
- Each secondary course has its own subject-specific ITE curriculum which ensures trainees meet the relevant learning milestones over the course of their ITE journey.
- Contingent on meeting the milestones in the curriculum over their 3 years (UG) or 1 year (PG), trainees are recommended for the award of QTS at the end of their course for the subject in which they are training to teach.
- Each course curriculum breaks down the required component knowledge to address the subject-specific pedagogical content knowledge required within each subject. This builds throughout the duration of the curriculum towards the complex composite understanding required for their ECT phase.
- There is **no separate curriculum for school-based experience**. The specific ITE curricula for each course encompass all aspects of school-based experience and ensures trainees have opportunity to purposefully integrate their learning at university with the opportunities afforded on Professional Practice when they are mentored through their ITT curriculum by mentors who are experts in their subject.
- The content of the curricula is sequenced in line with the faculty approach to progression on Professional Practice; introductory, developmental, and consolidation and **builds in opportunities for trainees to revisit key learning via a spiralised approach**.

Q: Do trainees need to demonstrate they are meeting the Teachers' Standards?

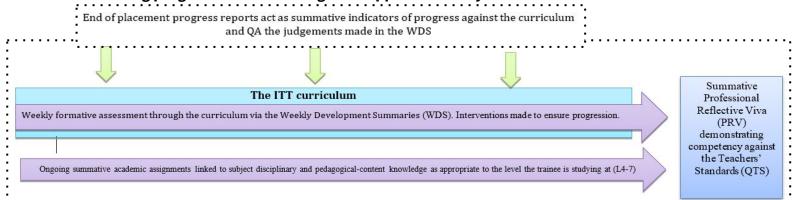
Yes, but this is done by following our curriculum rather than collecting evidence or complete specific tasks. Trainees are only assessed against the Teachers' Standards at the end of Year 3 or their PGCE. Progress is all about the curriculum.

Q: What about everything else a trainee needs to know which may not be covered in your curriculum? As per current Ofsted and DfE guidance, our curriculum enables trainees to successfully transition from ITE into their ECT phase where they will follow the ECF.



## Assessing progress during placement

- There are various mechanisms by which we assess trainees during their ITE. The most important of these is the **Weekly Development Summary** (WDS).
- To make progress, trainees need to demonstrate what they know and know how to each week in relation
- to their curriculum. The WDS is a weekly formative check of the progress the trainee has made that week in relation to their curriculum.
- During placement, the mentor completes the WDS each during the weekly mentor meeting based on the curriculum we provide and using the formative questions.
- We ask **mentors to provide opportunities for trainees to demonstrate what they know and what they can do in relation to the curriculum each week.** For example, provide an opportunity for a trainee to show that they understand how effective questioning can be used to check for and address misconceptions.
- The WDS provides opportunity for the mentor to list the additional support that trainee has had that week or **to indicate if the trainee is not making progress and that a Progress Support Plan may be needed.**





# How does the paperwork capture progress at key points?



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The paperwork support the curriculum progress model and records the progression the trainee is making on a weekly basis through the curriculum.

Once per week the mentor completes the Weekly Development Summary.	<b>Once per week</b> the mentor observes the trainee teaching using the <b>Lesson Observation form.</b>
<ul> <li>This is done in the weekly mentor meeting and will be sent to you to complete by the Course Lead.</li> <li>Y/N check against the curriculum for that week.</li> <li>Formative questions which the mentor asks the trainee and records on the WDS.</li> <li>Opportunities needed for targets to be met.</li> <li>Mentor confirms         <ul> <li>Sufficient progress made</li> <li>Progress made but this required additional support</li> <li>No progress made and a Progress Support Plan may be needed.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Mentor completes and trainee uploads for QA and tracking.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>This can be a full lesson, part of a lesson, or any intervention work the trainee is doing with a small group.</li> <li>Focuses on the curriculum for that week but also assess' the trainee subject and pedagogical knowledge.</li> <li>Can be the same class/lesson if cover is not appropriate.</li> <li>Mentor completes and trainee uploads for QA and tracking.</li> </ul>

### The Weekly Development Summary

	Welcome to the r	nentor We	ekly Developmen	23	om the /24) eek #	e Department of Se	conda	ry and Furthe	er Education (AY	
	Course:		'Working cre	atively with o	thers	to enhance life cha	nces'			
	Name of trainee				Train	ee ID no.				
	Name of mentor				Profe	ssional Practice pl	ase			
	Name of Link Tutor				Name	e of setting				
	Programme				Week	beginning				
Y/N if the	Days trainee has a this week	ttended	Monday	Tuesda	у	Wednesday	T	hursday	Friday	
trainee has shown what they know and can	Key reading for the week Support for mentaoring in chirs subject	Summary Limitation Reference	ns:							
do		This wee	k trainees should	have demons	trated	l that they know:	/	<u> </u>	¥/	N
Discuss	Curriculum for the week	1. 2. 3.					_		-	
questions with		1.	k trainees should	have demons	trated	l that they know ho	ow to:		¥/	N
trainee and record their responses	Questions for mentor and trainee to discuss in mentor meeting	Q2: Mentor s Q3:	ummary of traine ummary of traine ummary of traine	e response:						

Additional notes from mentor meeting		kample, review of subj l/department events		int CPI	), arrangements for upcoming lesson obs	ervation
Trainee workload and well-being	Have	strategies for workl	oad been discussed?	8		Y/N
	Action	ns or follow up (if nee	ded)			
	Has t	he trainee's wellbeir	ıg been discussed?			Y/N
	Actio	ns or follow up (if nee	ded)			
Opportunities identified for	To make progress through the curriculum the trainee needs to:				Opportunity agrees for trainee to pra observe, or receive feedback on this t	
progress	1.			23		
a	2.			32		
U	3.			32		
Yes, trainee is m Yes, trainee is m dditional support provide	aking s aking s d below. F tional s	sufficient progress th sufficient progress th for example, a reduction in te support the trainee i	hrough the curriculus hrough the curriculus eaching load, additional meeti	m. m, but ings, use	gress through the curriculum to proce t this has required additional support ( ofteam-teaching otc). ogress through the curriculum. A Progr	please list the
Mentor Signature						
<b>Frainee</b> Signature						
					e purpose of formative assessment. Fa in the trainee being placed on a Progr	

lick if trainee has made progress, progress but this needed support (and list support), or no progress and a PSP should be considered. We cannot start a PSP with this being ticked on the WDS.

### **The Lesson Observation form**

-				
100	1		1	
		-		
	F	_	1	
100	-	-		
1		-		
Contract of Contract				
-				

		cher Education Lesson Observation Form	Hill Univ	rersity	Subject and curriculum knowledge (including use of pertinent research)           • [Clear demonstration of the 5 pillars and use of subject specific terminology. (e.g. Hajj rather than pilgrimage)           • Ensure you pick up on misconceptions, not all Muslims follow the 5 pillars. This is predominantly Sumni Islam - missed an opportunity to expand on this and develop knowledge further.	
	Name of trainee	A. Roberts	Subject	RE	<ul> <li>Incorrect assumption that the 5 pillars are found in the Qur'an – they are derived from the practice and teaching of Muhammad</li> </ul>	
	Name of mentor	A. Mentor	Key stage	KS3	Great discussion re: the relevance of the pillars today. This helps pupils to consider the relevance of live religious practices in different contexts and the impact of COVID on Hajj. Could have been relevance of the relev	
	Name of link tutor	L. Tutor	Class	7B1	in the review, Subject and	
		PGCE RE	Number of learners	29	pedagogical	
	Programme		in session	2.5	knowledge	
	Professional practice	Introductory Developmental Consolidation	Number of the	<u>[</u> 4	Misconceptions	5
	Phase (please check box)		lesson observation		Terminology	
	School/setting name	Hogwarts High	Date	03/10/2022	Ways of knowin	g
		ing from the session				
Summary of		trainee knows, understands and can do. Ige. Use of assessment.				
your feedback. Probably the last box completed and will inform your	somewhat low level re target questions at pu Good use of classroo them the learning up start to veer off task - Pupils working in groo place? Some are stru the sheet which woul	to good effect to re-cap and retrieve prior knowl etrieval and is largely from last lesson. I can see upils and ensure questions are purposeful and a om <u>talk</u> to draw out information about the specifi- front. This is well managed with good use of tim this works <u>well</u> and they are the first to answer ups for pillar task – how have you arranged the uggling with the task at hand, you could have gin d have generated the same learning (just in a m for group which limits what they <u>are, able, to do</u>	you are using your sea dapted for the pupils in the c pillars from pupils rathenings. Warning given to o when you ask for respon se? What support have y en some groups differer	ting plan to front of you. one group who nses. you put in nt wording on	Key strengths of lesson/session (one must be subject related)         High Expectations and Managing Behaviour         Managing Behaviour         How Pupils Learn, Classroom Practice & Adaptive Teaching         Subject Knowledge and Curriculum         Clear expectations for pupils throughout. Clear systems and robines help to keep the learning focussed and orderby         Professional Behaviours         High level of professional behaviour and language (inc. subject terminology)	ties uture
feedback	Peer assessment tas	k - you do well to construct a success criteria a	s a group and as a resul	It this gives	Opportunities for further development	
with the	pupils much greater b	buy in when peer assessing work. This provides you to skip your next task in favour of moving on	you with valuable insigh	nt into the	Observing expert teachers/discussions with expert colleagues -i.e., subject coordinators. Discussing/engaging with diversity and inclusion matters.	
trainee	Review of learning -	pupils are able to demonstrate how they have n ose at the top end? You could have gone back t	noved on from last week	but how you on and	Observing/teaching learners with EAL and SEND.         Observing/teaching systematic synthetic phonics (SSP) and phonics and reading in secondary.         1.       Look again at the teaching on retrieval and interweaving so that pupils are retrieving over a longer petiod of time and not just the previous lesson. You may want to explore observe how colleagues retrieve KS3 learning with KS4/GCSE. Rosenshine is a key text here.	

### **Progress Support Plans**

A Progress Support Plan (PSP) is the process we utilise when a trainee is not making sufficient progress through their curriculum **despite additional support**.



Link Tutor, mentor, and trainee meet after 7 days to review progress.

Progress made: Monitor via WDS Partial progress made: PSP extended (max of 10 days). Insufficient progress made: Conclusion of placement and referral to AHoD.

Mentor provided additional support to help trainee make progress and indicates this on the WDS. Approx. 2-3 consecutive weeks.

Link Tutor, mentor, and trainee meet to agree PSP targets which the trainee needs to meet to get them back on track. Trainee initially given 7 days to action targets. Link Tutor, mentor, and trainee meet after extension to review progress.

Progress made: Monitor via WDS Insufficient progress made: Conclusion of placement and referral to AHoD.



## Supporting trainee well-being and workload



As a department we are actively working to support trainee workload and we ask our mentors to support us in this endeavour. We ask mentors to:

- Model a healthy work-life balance including appropriate timings of emails, communications, and work requests.
- Provide a timetable which focuses on opportunities to develop through the curriculum, rather than working to a specific teaching load/number of hours (we provide suggested guidance to help mentors provide appropriate opportunities).
- **Model to trainees how to manage the workload of a teacher/lecturer**. For example, by making use of a marking timetable to deal with busy periods of marking activity.
- Deliver and support with our curriculum in line with where the trainee is at in their ITE journey noting their status as novice teachers and the support they will be offered as an ECT or as someone transitioning into QTLS (Further Education).
- Implement the guidance Ofsted by not requiring trainees to produce onerous lesson plans (once a level of competence is reached) and discouraging trainees from artificially creating distinct tasks for different groups of learners (instead the focus is on adapting their teaching accordingly).
- Discuss workload and well-being strategies each week in the mentor meeting and record the discussion on the WDS.
- **Discuss any concerns about workload and well-being with the trainee and their Link Tutor.** This enables the Link Tutor to provide an appropriate support.
- Signpost trainees to the support available via the Edge Hill Well-being team <u>https://www.edgehill.ac.uk/departments/support/studentservices/wellbeing/</u>

# Teaching responsibilities and PPA: The introductory phase

Prior to Professional Practice starting, mentors and leads will be able to download the Professional Practice Handbook for Secondary. This will include guidance on suitable teaching timetables and how trainee workload should be structured. **Trainees will need to be provided with a timetable for Monday-Friday.** 

Overview & workload expectations	Additional responsibilities & notes
Introduces trainees to the expectations of the profession including ways to manage workload and professional behaviours.	<b>Teaching should take place wholly within the subject in which the trainee is training to teach.</b> Those training in biology, chemistry or physics are expected to contribute to all 3 disciplines at Key Stage 3.
As part of their induction to the setting, trainees should be given opportunity to undertake an initial period of focussed observation (approx. first 2 weeks) with opportunities to observe	Trainees should be provided with opportunities to observe,
expert colleagues both in and outside of their subject so they experience a range of high-quality Teaching & Learning strategies within the Secondary phase. Teaching on this placement will begin as taking part of a lesson (e.g., starter, explanation) and/or undertaking team teaching	dialogue, or meet with expert colleagues in line with their targets and curriculum for that week.
before the trainee incrementally takes on solo responsibility for a class.	Trainees will need to be available 13:00-15:00 each Thursday for online teaching.
Teaching timetables should incrementally build up to approximately 5-7 hours per week	
<b>across the subject in which the trainee is training to teach</b> . Teaching in this phase may include team teaching or supporting small groups of pupils alongside their solo teaching (and as part of the approx. 5-7 hours per week).	A subject-specific ITE curriculum is provided for trainees to follow each week throughout their duration of their placement. <b>This is the</b> <b>model of progression.</b>
In addition to their teaching hours, trainees should have 3-4 hours per week of structured Planning, Preparation and Assessment (PPA) time on their timetable.	

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# Teaching responsibilities and PPA: The developmental phase

Prior to Professional Practice starting, mentors and leads will be able to download the Professional Practice Handbook for Secondary. This will include guidance on suitable teaching timetables and how trainee workload should be structured. **Trainees will need to be provided with a timetable for Monday-Friday.** 

Overview & workload expectations	Additional responsibilities & notes
Requires trainees to continue with periods of observing expert colleagues, but alongside this there is an increase in their teaching load and the related responsibilities which come with this (such as marking). Trainees should be given opportunity to observe and/or support classes before taking on responsibility for them.	<b>Teaching should take place wholly within the subject in which the trainee is training to teach.</b> Those training in biology, chemistry or physics are expected to contribute to all 3 disciplines at Key Stage 3 and there may be some 'humanities' teaching for RE, Geography, or History trainees. All trainees should be supported to undertake some
however this should be predominantly solo teaching. <b>Teaching timetables should</b> incrementally build up to approximately 8-10 hours per week across the subject in which the trainee is training to teach.	teaching of PSHE and/or RSE. Trainees should be provided with opportunities to observe, dialogue, or meet with expert colleagues in line with their targets and curriculum for that week.
Teaching hours should predominantly be solo teaching with some lessons of team-teaching or where the trainee acts as support. In addition to their teaching hours, trainees should have 4-6 hours per week of structured	Trainees will need to be available 13:00-15:00 each Thursday for online teaching.
Planning, Preparation and Assessment (PPA) time on their timetable.	A subject-specific ITE curriculum is provided for trainees to follow each week throughout their duration of their placement. <b>This is the model of progression.</b>

# Teaching responsibilities and PPA: The consolidation phase

Prior to Professional Practice starting, mentors and leads will be able to download the Professional Practice Handbook for Secondary. This will include guidance on suitable teaching timetables and how trainee workload should be structured. **Trainees will need to be provided with a timetable for Monday-Friday.** 

Overview & workload expectations	Additional responsibilities & notes
The <b>consolidation placement</b> builds on the two previous phases and has an emphasis on an increased level of responsibility for whole class-teaching, an increased teaching load and a focus on building on targets from the developmental phase with a view to preparing trainees for their next stage as an Early Career Teacher. At the end of this phase, trainees should be ready to transition into the Early Career Framework with the support this brings.	<b>Teaching should take place wholly within the subject in which the trainee</b> <b>is training to teach.</b> Those training in biology, chemistry or physics are expected to contribute to all 3 disciplines at Key Stage 3 and there may be some 'humanities' teaching for RE, Geography, or History trainees. All trainees should be supported to undertake some teaching of <b>PSHE and/or RSE. It may</b> <b>also be appropriate for the trainee to support or have experience of</b>
There is the expectation that teaching at this phase is largely solo teaching with only some aspects of support and/or team teaching (as a supportive measure).	teaching KS5/A level (where appropriate and available).
<b>Teaching timetables should incrementally build to approx. 12-15 hours per week across the</b> <b>subject in which the trainee is intending to specialise</b> . These hours should predominantly be solo teaching and in the subject in which the trainee is training to teach.	Trainees should be provided with opportunities to observe, dialogue, or meet with expert colleagues in line with their targets and curriculum for that week.
In addition to their teaching hours, trainees should have 5-6 hours per week of structured	Trainees will need to be available 13:00-15:00 each Thursday for online teaching.
Planning, Preparation and Assessment (PPA) time on their timetable.	teatining.
	A subject-specific ITE curriculum is provided for trainees to follow each week throughout their duration of their placement. <b>This is the model of progression.</b>

### Taking the next step with your mentor training

- From 2024-25, the DfE require all mentors to completed 20 hours of mentor training (a mixture of synchronous and asynchronous delivery) prior to a placement starting.
- To support mentor workload, Edge Hill is working in conjunction with other ITE providers in the region to provide the bulk of these hours online, asynchronous, and 'common' to all.
- There will be 8 hours which are Edge Hill specific.

In anticipation of this additional requirement, for 2023-24 we are asking mentors to undertake 4 tasks before a placement starts and to ensure they are trained:

- Phase specific training (this session)
- Course specific training (delivered by Link Tutors)
- The craft of being a mentor & models of mentoring (asynchronous)
- Utilising the mentor space and documentation (asynchronous)





# Secondary and Further Education

Secondary phase specific mentor training AY 23/24

