



Edge Hill
University

Faculty of
Education



Professional Practice Handbook 2024-2025

**PGCE Primary Early Years Education with QTS Consolidation
Phase**

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Welcome from the Department of Primary Education

As an outstanding teacher education provider Edge Hill University has been at the forefront of teacher education for over 135 years, and today enjoys the enviable position of being one of the country's leading providers of education and research for the children's workforce with a reputation for the highest quality provision, partnership working and delivery.

The Primary Education Department at the Faculty of Education provides a solid foundation and environment for real impact on the quality of primary education across Early Years, Key Stage One and Key Stage Two. Our Primary Education team is driven by a commitment to exceptional practice and research, high expectations and exceptional levels of achievement, ensuring that we provide opportunities for all. We understand that our partnership with schools and trainees is crucial if we are to achieve this ambitious vision.

We are a reflective provider who continuously strives to provide an outstanding student experience as well as support you in your future employment opportunities or further professional development.

Michelle Pearson

Head of Teacher Education and Strategy

Mentor Space and Partnership Website

All resources for each professional practice including links to the partnership website are available in the Primary Education mentor space

All documentation and policies are available in full on the Edge Hill Website [Partnership pages](#)

Key Contacts

For the duration of professional practice your Link Tutor is your first point of call for all matters. For all other matters, the table below lists key contacts.

Name	Role	Contact
Department Leadership		
Karen Boardman	Head of Early Years Education Department	boardmak@edgehill.ac.uk
Heffin Williams	Associate Head of Department (ITE)	Williamh@edgehill.ac.uk
Early Years Colleagues		
Jackie Sumner	PGCE Pathway Lead	sumnerj@edgehill.ac.uk

Safeguarding

All ITE trainees are expected to be familiar with and adhere to the statutory guidance set out in 'Keeping children safe in education 2024: Statutory guidance for schools and colleges' [KCSIE](#). Trainees have all completed 'Children's Safeguarding Assurance Partnership' training and are also expected to be familiar with the specific safeguarding processes and safeguarding lead colleagues in their setting during Professional Practice.

All providers of Initial Teacher Training (ITT) have a responsibility to ensure that trainees have the health and physical capacity to teach and will not put children and young people at risk of harm. In addition, statutory guidance, Keeping children safe in education, requires providers to ensure that entrants on all routes, including salaried schemes, have been subject to an enhanced Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) criminal records check, including a check of the children's barred list, a check of the Prohibition List; and, for trainees working with children under the age of 8, the Childcare Disqualification Declaration.

A trainee embarking upon a Professional Practice will carry with them their student ID card (Uni Card) and a letter from the University confirming their suitability to train to teach. The enhanced DBS check lasts the length of a trainee's programme of study, including where the programme lasts longer than three years. Enhanced DBS apply only to periods of Professional Practice which are organised by Edge Hill for the purpose of completing a named award. They do not cover placement experiences undertaken outside of the structured course, undertaken voluntarily. It is an offence under the 1997 Police Act, and a breach of the DBS Code of Practice, for registered bodies (i.e., Edge Hill University) to share copies of DBS checks or any information contained in a trainee's disclosure with a third party

Managing a Safeguarding Concern on Professional Practice

It is the responsibility of everyone to safeguard and protect children, young people, and vulnerable adults and to ensure they are kept free from risk of being harmed or exposed to radicalisation.

- Recognising safeguarding issues/concerns through:
 - Direct observation.
 - Disclosure from child, young person or vulnerable adult.
 - Observation by a third party.

Reporting incidents or disclosed information requires an immediate and professional response.

Reporting when on Professional Practice	Reporting when at university
1. Straight away inform the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) in your setting. Do not leave the premises until you have done so. 2. Inform the Senior Safeguarding Lead in the Faculty of Education by completing the form found here Safeguarding Report Form	1. Inform the Senior Safeguarding Lead in the Faculty of Education by completing the form found here Safeguarding Report Form
<p>Should you wish to contact the Senior Safeguarding Lead for anything other than reporting a disclosure you can email Leon Fraser via foesafeguarding@edgehill.ac.uk.</p> <p>Remember: You MUST use the Safeguarding Report Form to report a disclosure.</p> <p>If you need support outside of office hours and the report cannot wait until the next time the office is open, please contact 01695 584227 https://www.edgehill.ac.uk/departments/support/student-services/critical-incident-support/</p> <p>Once the information has been reported this will conclude your involvement in the incident. You must not discuss the disclosure or incident with anyone else unless explicitly requested to do so by the DSL or Safeguarding Lead in the setting/Edge Hill.</p>	

The Edge Hill University ITE Curriculum Intent

Our EHU ambitious curriculum exceeds the full entitlement described in the ITT Early Career Framework (ITTECF) and is designed around the three faculty pillars of:

1. Personal and professional attitudes, values and beliefs.
2. Subject and curriculum knowledge.
3. The craft of teaching and pedagogy.

These faculty pillars are informed by our philosophy of education, created, and enhanced further when our partnership and our students are engaged in an ethos of debate, research and educational curiosity based on reflection and professional enquiry. This ambitious ITE curriculum includes our values of social justice, inclusion, learning outside the classroom and sustainability as key features to support our local and national communities.

Early Years (3-7) Vision

Working creatively with others to enhance life chances for all through a curriculum which enables trainees to develop as subject experts in the subject in which they are training to teach.

Our 3 Pillars of Initial Teacher Education

Subject & Curriculum Knowledge

- Educational philosophy
- How learning occurs
- Curriculum subject design and leadership
- Subject expertise
- Supporting learners with additional needs

Personal and Professional values, attributes and beliefs

- Integrity, trust & respect
- Social justice and political awareness
- Workload, well-being and mental health
- A commitment to diversity, inclusion, and representation
- Personal and professional conduct
- Keeping children and young people safe from harm

The Craft of Teaching & Pedagogy

- Research based and informed practice
- Planning and workload management
- Authentic assessment
- Behaviour and attitudes which promote learning
- Continuity and progression
- Educational leadership and management

Edge Hill University | Faculty of Education

Our vision is based on the defining value of “**working creatively with others to enhance life chances**”. We believe **education has the everyday power to transform lives**, and is the central mechanism for social mobility. Our provision, research and partnerships share common thematic threads of **inclusivity, social justice and positive change**. Some of those threads can be traced back to our University’s origins as the first secular teaching training institution for women. Our vision for high-quality Initial Teacher Education is encapsulated in **3 pillars** which underpin all our Initial Teacher Education provision.

What do I need to know about the Initial Teacher Training and Early Career Framework (ITTECF)?

The Initial Teacher Training and Early Career Framework (ITTECF) (DfE 2024) sets out the entitlement of every trainee and early career teacher (ECT) to the core body of knowledge, skills and behaviours that define great teaching and to the mentoring and support from expert colleagues they should receive throughout the three or more years at the start of their career. ECTs will purposefully revisit the elements of teaching introduced in ITT to deepen their knowledge and understanding. The ITTECF remains designed to equip all trainees and ECTs with a shared body of knowledge and skills, irrespective of subject or phase.

The ITTECF sets out two types of content: ‘Learn that...’ and ‘Learn how to...’ statements. ‘Learn that...’ statements are informed by the best available educational research. This evidence includes practice guides, rigorous individual studies, high quality reviews and syntheses, including meta-analyses. ‘Learn how to...’ statements are drawn from the wider evidence base, including both academic research and guidance from expert practitioners.

The ITTECF is not – and must not be used as – a means of assessing trainees and ECTs. Instead, it is an entitlement to training and professional development. Trainees and ECTs will continue to be assessed against the Teachers’ Standards at the end of ITT and induction respectively.

How the ITTECF is embedded in the EHU curriculum

The ITTECF Framework does not set out the full ITT curriculum for trainee teachers. The complexity of the process for becoming a teacher cannot be overestimated and it remains for individual providers to design curricula appropriate for the subject, phase and age range that the trainees will be teaching.

In designing the curricula, Edge Hill University carefully craft the experiences and activities detailed in the ITTECF Framework into a coherent sequence that supports trainees to succeed in the classroom. EHU encompass the full entitlement described in the ITTECF Framework, as well as integrating additional analysis and critique of theory, research and expert practice.

In summary:

- It is not a curriculum nor an assessment document. It is the minimum content all ITE providers must include as part of their curriculum as set out by the Department for Education (DfE) and assured by Ofsted.
- It aligns with our own ambitious ITE curriculum, based on the [EHU ITE Pillars](#) (which is a much richer curriculum).
- The EHU ITE pillars together with the [ITTECF](#) have been key documents used to support the design of the sequencing and progression of our own provision, programme by programme (as outlined within our Curriculum Communication documents).
- The ITTECF has been designed to support trainee development in 5 core areas: behaviour management, pedagogy, curriculum, assessment, and professional behaviours. It is presented within 8 key sections: High Expectations, How Pupils Learn, Subject and Curriculum, Classroom Practice, Adaptive Teaching, Assessment, Managing Behaviour and Professional Behaviours.
- Each section contains a range of ‘learn that’ and ‘learn how to’ statements or principles, however, this is not an assessment framework and should not be used as such.
- The Introductory/Developmental/Consolidation phases of placements should engage with the EHU ITE curriculum and ITTECF content with levels of detail and complexity

- commensurate with the stage of the programme.
- An evidence base is provided within the framework which should be shared with trainees to support their critical engagement with research. Trainees should be engaging with these materials both whilst at school and at centre-based university training.

Particular points of interest: ITTECF

Trainees should be fully aware of the principles underpinning the ITTECF. There are some areas of particular interest for current practice, for example:

- Consideration of SEND, disadvantaged backgrounds and mental health.
- The principles of adaptive teaching (as opposed to the use of differentiated tasks).
- The key role of expert colleagues, including experienced and effective teachers and subject specialists in schools.
- Support for Behaviour Management Training.
- The importance of subject specific knowledge and training.
- Working memory, long-term memory – balancing exposition, repetition, practice and retrieval of critical knowledge and skills.
- Trainees themselves need to demonstrate evidence that they know more and remember more of their ITE curriculum and that they can put this into practice.

The Edge Hill University ITE Curriculum Implementation

The curriculum as the model of progression

Within the Primary phase, we have put the curriculum at the centre of our understanding of progression. Each distinct course has its own subject-specific ITE curriculum which ensures trainees meet the relevant learning milestones over the course of their ITE journey. This ensures that, contingent on meeting the milestones in the curriculum, they can be recommended for the award of Qualified Teacher Status (QTS) at the end of the course. You can download the curriculum handbook for the relevant course by visiting our [Mentor Space](#).



The ITE curriculum for each course is purposefully sequenced on a week-by-week basis over the duration of each course so that Primary trainees cover all aspects of the Initial Teacher Training and Early Career Framework (ITTECF) and meet the necessary competencies for the award of QTS, however it also goes far beyond this. At the Primary phase each course curriculum breaks down the required component knowledge to address the subject-specific pedagogical content knowledge required within each subject and area, building to the required complex composite understanding at the conclusion of their ITE journey, ready to transition into the Early Career Framework (ECT). The curriculum is sequenced across 3 years for our full-time undergraduate course, 4 years for our part time undergraduate course and one year for our PGCE course.

The week-by-week curriculum for each course states what trainees should be able to know and do each week and ensures the necessary progression is made to enable QTS recommendation via a summative Professional Reflective Viva at the end of their ITE. Progress through the curriculum is monitored on a week-by-week basis via the use of 'Weekly Development Summaries' which capture what trainees understand and can do in line with their specific course ITE curriculum.

There is no separate curriculum for school-based experience. Instead, the specific ITE curricula for each course encompass all aspects of school-based experience and ensures trainees have opportunity to purposefully integrate their learning at university with the opportunities afforded on Professional Practice when they are mentored through their ITE curriculum by school-based colleagues who are experts in their practice. The content of the curricula is sequenced in line with the faculty approach to progression on Professional Practice; introductory, developmental, and consolidation and builds in opportunities for trainees to revisit key learning via a spiralsed approach. During their Professional Practice, trainees continue to be monitored on a week-by-week basis via the 'Weekly Development Summaries'. This approach also enables university-based tutors to Quality Assure the mentoring which is taking place during the placement and to provide support/intervention to trainees or school-based mentors as appropriate.

How are ITE students assessed?

Edge Hill University adopts a holistic approach to the monitoring and assessment of trainees through the university-based curriculum. This takes place within a variety of contexts:

- Ongoing formative assessment on a weekly basis through their ITE course curriculum via the Weekly Development Summaries (logged on a tracker in addition to any interventions made). This is done from the outset and for the duration of the ITE journey.
- Trainee reflections and responses to their weekly curriculum during their Weekly Development Meeting (WDM) whilst on Professional Practice.
- Lesson observations during Professional Practice
- The personal tutoring process
- Within taught university sessions (online, present in person (PIP), synchronous and asynchronous), through activities and interactions and subject knowledge audits.
- Academic submissions related to the level at which the trainee is studying (L4-L7)
- Progress Support Plans for trainees who are not making sufficient progress despite additional support.

Formative Assessment



How is the Weekly Development Summary used as a tool to support formative assessment?

Throughout their time at the centre, trainees complete Weekly Development Summaries (WDS) for each week of their curriculum. The WDS' capture what trainees know and can do in line with the curriculum for that week in the form of their responses to weekly component knowledge. This is done from the outset of the course. Each week trainees complete their WDS' and upload this to be reviewed by their link tutor. The tutor reads each WDS and records on a tracker if each trainee has made sufficient progress. Where progress is not made, or where further support is needed, the intervention made is also recorded. When the trainee starts their Professional Practice, the same process is followed however the mentor records the trainee progress based on the discussion had with the trainee in their Weekly Development Meeting (WDM). The mentor also indicates on the form if the trainee has made sufficient progress through the curriculum that week, if sufficient progress has been made but this required additional support, or if despite additional support progress has not been made and if a Progress Support Plan is required. After the meeting the WDS is submitted and reviewed by the Link Tutor. The same process of recording the progress made plus any interventions provided is followed. Thus, we track and monitor progress throughout the ITE curriculum every week for the duration of the ITE course.

Progress Support Plans for trainees not making sufficient progress

What is a Progress Support Plan?

Progress Support Plans (PSPs) are utilised in instances where the WDS process has indicated that a trainee is not making sufficient progress through the weekly curriculum, despite additional support being provided.

Such support may include (but is not limited to):

- Signposting to additional material or specific content addressed in taught sessions;
- Additional tutorials and/or sessions with a relevant colleague;
- Opportunities such as observation of colleagues, team-teaching, structured support sessions, or additional mentoring relevant to the curriculum;
- Support with time and or workload management
- A reduction in teaching load and/or an increase in team-teaching or additional support for teaching
- Referral to the Student Support Team with a requirement that the trainee engage with their support;
- Department Progress Meetings (DPM)

Implementing a Progress Support Plan

The Progress Support Plan process enables mentors and or Link Tutors to formally raise concerns about a trainees' progression through their ITE curriculum. The mentor, in collaboration with the Link Tutor (LT) and trainee, will agree SMART targets which the trainee needs to act on.

The Link Tutor informs the Professional Practice Quality Lead (PPQL) that a PSP is in place and that the trainee is being supported by the mentor.

When a PSP is instigated, the LT may seek advice from Lead Mentors to provide additional explicit strand and/or subject support.

These targets are reviewed on a weekly basis in the weekly development meeting.

Outcomes from a Progress Support Plan

A PSP can lead to the following potential outcomes for the trainee:

- Sufficient progress has been made and the trainee returns to being assessed via the WDS.
- The trainee continues to require support via a PSP.

In exceptional circumstances the progress support plan may not be appropriate. On these occasions the Link Tutor and PPQL may need to seek advice from the Associate Head of Department (AHoD) for consideration of next steps. Next steps may include a DPM meeting.

Roles, Responsibilities, and Expectations

Link Tutor Responsibilities

Each trainee is assigned a Link Tutor who is a University representative with QTS that supports the mentoring process. The main role of the Link Tutor is to Quality Assure (QA) the mentoring that the trainee receives and to provide mentor development opportunities for mentors. The link tutor has an ongoing QA responsibility but officially supports the mentor and trainee at 4 key points during the professional practice.

Quality Assurance 1 (Meeting)

At the earliest opportunity, before the start of a placement, Link Tutors can review the mentor training requirements via InPlace and then verify that a mentor has been fully trained through having engaged with the EHU Core Mentor Development independently online and attended the online phase specific briefing. They should ensure that any identified training needs are met.

Link tutors should also discuss settling in, confirm induction has taken place and that the trainee has been provided with the necessary documentation such as the safeguarding policy, curriculum and planning resources and timetables etc.

An essential element of the QA 1 visit is to ensure that the schools/settings have a clear understanding of their roles and responsibilities and that mentors;

- have completed their initial mentor development audit (sent to them with their confirmation letter)
- are following the correct procedures, documentation and are aware of the Mentor Space
- understand the formative and summative assessment processes
- are recording progress through the curriculum using the WDS
- have completed mentor development
- providing trainees to access experts across the setting
- signposting mentors to [Addressing teacher workload in Initial Teacher Education \(ITE\) Advice for ITE providers](#)
- [Have completed induction with the trainee](#)
- [Understand what aspects of the curriculum have already been completed and that where possible trainees have shared their prior final WDS](#)

Quality Assurance 2 (Meeting)

Once the placement had begun, Link Tutors meet with the mentor and trainee (generally via MS teams) to discuss settling in, check the mentor is aware of the curriculum the trainee is following. This meeting is an opportunity to discuss and quality assure the first WDS and provide support for and training for the mentor. The Link tutor will also provide written feedback for mentors at this point on the quality of their mentoring and signpost them to further support or training.

Analysis of InPlace /Abyasa

Using Abyasa, Link Tutors and Lead mentors monitor the weekly progress and lesson feedback forms to check trainees are formatively assessed against our curriculum components outlined in the curriculum map documents.

Link Tutors quality assure the targets set for the trainee. The targets should match the feedback provided and should be at an appropriate level of challenge for the trainees' stage of development.

Through analysis of the Written and Verbal Feedback on the WDS and Lesson Feedback forms:

The verbal feedback must be consistent with the written feedback that was recorded on the lesson observation forms, weekly development summary forms and final review reports. During the lesson observation feedback, the trainee should be given a chance to reflect on their lesson. The mentor should communicate the strengths of the lesson and discuss the progress made since the previous meeting and the impact on the pupils'/students' learning. Similarly, during the weekly development meetings, trainees should be provided with **focused and clear feedback** when discussing how to improve their practice and progress through the curriculum successfully. These discussions must be consistent with the written comments on all forms.

Quality Assurance 3 (Visit)

The mentor, LT and trainee meet for the purposes of discussing the joint or mentor conducted lesson observation, quality assuring assessment, feedback and target setting. This conversation is informed by the WDS' assessed throughout the placement. Thus, progression and intervention are tracked on a weekly basis. ([Available via links on the ITE Partnership Pages](#))

Analysis of the Written and Verbal Feedback on the WDS and Lesson Feedback forms:

The verbal feedback must be consistent with the written feedback that was recorded on the lesson observation forms, weekly development summary forms and final review reports. During the lesson observation feedback, the trainee should be given a chance to reflect on their lesson. The mentor should communicate the strengths of the lesson and discuss the progress made since the previous meeting and the impact on the pupils'/students' learning. Similarly, during the weekly development meetings, trainees should be provided with **focused and clear feedback** when discussing how to improve their practice and progress through the curriculum successfully. These discussions must be consistent with the written comments on all forms.

This QA visit is a further opportunity for link tutors to provide feedback to mentors on the quality of their mentoring. Where there is a persistent concern LT can refer the mentor for additional support and training with the Lead Mentorship team.

Quality Assurance 4 (Meeting)

At the end of all 3 phases in UG programmes there is a final meeting. The outcome of the meeting determines if the trainees have made appropriate progress through our ITE curriculum and successfully achieved the professional placement expectations for that phase.

Link Tutors/Subject Leaders and Placement Leads quality assure mentor assessment of trainee progress through the curriculum. Link Tutors consider the evidence provided and moderate the mentors' assessment outcome on Abyasa. The verbal feedback must be consistent with the written feedback that was recorded on the lesson observation forms, weekly development summary forms and final progress reports.

Link Tutors together with the mentor will also review the impact of the mentor training and development offered throughout the placement. This will be completed through an informal discussion focussing on the curriculum, placement experiences, trainee entitlement, mentor time and workload. The outcomes of all discussions will help the university to shape and develop future mentor training modules or materials.

Mentor Role and Responsibilities

ITE Partnership Mentors provide high-quality mentoring to our trainees during the professional practice. Working closely with the LTs, our mentors support and guide our trainees effectively throughout their training process. Our partnership trainers and mentors are consistently skilful at drawing on the taught curriculum evidence base during their interactions with trainees, particularly during mentoring sessions and feedback following observations.

There are three main aspects of the role of the mentor: 1- Inducting the trainees, 2- Monitoring the trainees' progress and achievement through the curriculum, 3- Supporting the trainee.

Inducting the Trainee

The mentors carry out meetings/sessions with the trainees to introduce them into their school's/setting's life/day. The expectations should be made clear at the start and the timetable should be shared with the trainees in a timely manner. Mentors should provide the trainees with access to all key documents such as the safeguarding policy, behaviour policy and teachers' code of conduct. Additionally, mentors should provide access to teaching resources such as the curriculum plans and online materials.

Monitoring the Trainees' Progress and Achievement

Mentors play a crucial role in developing trainees' knowledge, understanding and skills to become teachers. They monitor the progress continuously through the weekly lesson observations and Weekly Development meetings, where they provide the necessary support and guidance as to how to consolidate what has been learnt and identify the next steps in development.

Formative Assessment: Mentors assess the progress of the trainees **formatively** throughout the introductory, developmental, and consolidation phases. They refer to the key official documents on a weekly basis, when judging if the trainee is making appropriate progress, such as; the EHU ITE Curriculum and [The trainee teacher behavioural toolkit: a summary](#).

A week-by-week sequential curriculum enables mentors to know what progression looks like on a weekly basis. Trainee progress through the curriculum is captured in the weekly mentor meeting in which the mentor records progress on the WDS. In addition, the form asks that mentors indicate each week if the trainee has made sufficient progress through the curriculum or if despite additional support, progress has not been made. Where the mentor has identified the trainee needs additional support, they contact the Link Tutor to discuss next steps and the necessary support is put in place such as a Progress Support Plan.

Feedback is provided in the form of a weekly lesson observation and a weekly development summary. The lesson observation reflects on the subject specific skills related to the lesson being taught. A feedback form is completed which identifies strengths and areas for development alongside a commentary of subject knowledge and subject specific pedagogy.

Supporting the Trainee: This is a vital part of the mentoring role. It provides effective support for achieving the targets to address the identified development areas. It is important that the trainees receive focused feedback and guidance at their weekly review meetings.

Using our ITE curriculum mentors;

- ✓ Provide opportunities to discuss and analyse with expert colleagues how to sequence lessons and identify possible misconceptions
- ✓ Arrange lessons/teaching approaches that trainees can observe delivered by expert colleagues and
- ✓ Provide opportunities for trainees to discuss and analyse with expert colleagues how they balance exposition, repetition, practice of critical skills and knowledge.
- ✓ Provide opportunities to discuss / experience the teaching of learners with EAL and SEND.
- ✓ Provide opportunities to discuss / experience in action about how to incorporate diversity, inclusion, race, equality and discrimination matters into their teaching.

Referring to '[The trainee teacher behavioural toolkit: a summary](#)', mentors support trainees in developing effective behaviour management strategies.

Supporting trainee workload and well-being

As a department we are mindful of trainee workload and we ask our mentors to support us in this endeavour.

We ask mentors to:

- Model a healthy work-life balance including appropriate timings of emails, communications, and work requests.
- Provide a timetable which focuses on opportunities to develop through the curriculum, rather than working to a specific teaching load/number of hours.
- Model to trainees how to manage the workload of a teacher. For example, by making use of a marking timetable to deal with busy periods of marking activity.
- Deliver and support with our curriculum in line with where the trainee is at in their ITE journey noting their status as novice teachers and the support they will be offered as an ECT.

- Implement the guidance of Ofsted by not requiring trainees to produce onerous lesson plans (once a level of competence is reached) and discouraging trainees from artificially creating distinct tasks for different groups of pupils (instead the focus is on adapting their teaching accordingly).
- Discuss workload and well-being strategies each week in the mentor meeting and record the discussion on the WDS.
- Discuss any concerns about workload and well-being with the trainee and their Link Tutor. This enables the Link Tutor to provide an appropriate support.
- Signpost trainees to the support available via the Edge Hill Well-being team <https://www.edgehill.ac.uk/departments/support/studentservices/wellbeing/>

Trainee responsibilities and professional expectations



Edge Hill University Code of Conduct

All Initial Teacher Education (ITE) programmes leading to a recommendation for the award of Qualified Teacher Status (QTS), or eligibility for the relevant Post 14 qualification such as QTLS, are programmes of professional training and education.

As a trainee studying on an ITE programme you are expected to demonstrate consistently high standards of personal and professional conduct and be expected to maintain and model the highest standards of ethics and behaviour.

You are entitled to expect that your placement settings mirror the professional experience of a teacher, and settings are entitled to expect that you will present and conduct yourself in a way that is consistent with the professional expectations of a teacher in that phase.

This Code of Conduct is additional and complementary to the Edge Hill University [Student Disciplinary Regulations 2024/25](#) and the Student Charter 2024 [Student Charter 2024/25 - Edge Hill University](#)

You are therefore both bound by, and protected by, the entitlements included in the Academic Student Regulations in force at the time of your enrolment and study. These were issued to you at the point of enrolment and subsequent updates are accessible via the EHU website. [Academic Regulations 2024/25 - Edge Hill University](#)

Behaviours and attitude

As a trainee following an ITE programme at Edge Hill University, you will exhibit high standards of personal and professional conduct, honesty, and integrity, in keeping with those expected in the teaching profession. At all times you should:

- Demonstrate professional behaviours to all pupils/learners in all settings, and others, including fellow trainees and all staff in the Edge Hill University Partnership.
- Not engage in any conduct, poor or irresponsible behaviour outside of your studies or online that could bring the profession or the university into disrepute.
- Use language appropriate to the situation and the people involved. Communicate professionally in all contexts including your online and electronic communications such as email.
- Show respect and due regard for the ethos and values, processes, and procedures of the university both in the setting where the programme is delivered and at any other setting in which you are placed.
- Embrace the principles of equality, diversity and inclusion and bring them to life in all you do each day to work with children, staff, and parents. [Equality, Diversity and Inclusion \(EDI\) Strategy - Edge Hill University](#)
- Acquire an understanding of working with diversity, including gender, race and culture and ensure that any personal prejudices and stereotypical views do not influence your judgements or actions.

- Be aware of the requirement to promote equal opportunities and to provide reasonable adjustments for learners with disabilities, as provided for in current Equalities legislation.
- Take responsibility for adhering to all key policies and procedures: this includes, but is not restricted to, child protection and safeguarding policies, staff conduct, SEND code of practice, children missing in education, Health and Safety and fire evacuation procedures.
- Demonstrate professional behaviour and relationships in both formal and informal contexts. You will observe boundaries in line with a teacher's professional position and responsibilities.
 - For those on programmes of QTS, trainees must adhere to expectations as outlined within Part Two of the Teachers' Standards: Personal and professional conduct, which may be accessed at: <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teachers-standards>
 - For those training to teach in the FE sector, you should have due regard for the ETF Professional Standards (2022), which may be accessed at: <https://www.etf-foundation.co.uk/professional-standards/teachers/>
- Take care with confidential personal information that you will have access to.

Training responsibilities

In addition to the behaviours and attitudes above, as a trainee teacher you are required to:

- Ensure the welfare and safeguarding of all children, young people, and vulnerable adults, by reporting all safeguarding concerns to your setting DSL and foesafeguarding@edgehill.ac.uk as instructed in your training and our guidance documents.
- Inform the university immediately should you become subject to a criminal conviction or caution after your application for DBS enhanced disclosure has been submitted.
- Take responsibility to engage professionally and positively in all aspect your course. This means engaging with, listening to, and acting on feedback and advice from PATs, Mentors and Link Tutors across the Edge Hill University Partnership.
- Ensure your personal academic tutor is aware of all relevant matters likely to impact on you making good progress.
- Commit to attending all university based and practice-based training opportunities or enhancements including Intensive Training and Practice and contribute fully to the life of the setting when on professional practice.
- You will notify the relevant staff members of any absence in advance noting that in some instances this may affect any bursary which you may receive or your readiness for professional practice. Academic Programme Engagement Policy (APEP) details the faculties expectations of you <https://www.edgehill.ac.uk/documents/academic-programme-engagement-policy-faculty-of-education/>
- Take responsibility for your own learning and development, ensuring a professional and accountable approach to all aspects of the programme adhering to high standards of academic integrity.
- Take responsibility for managing the demands of the profession by looking after your personal health, wellbeing as well as actively developing resilience strategies. [Self-help resources and ideas and support to help your wellbeing can be found in Student Services](#)

- Commit to actively reflect on your learning and teaching experiences to set targets, plan actions, improve, achieve, and attain highly.
- Participate and actively engage in all learning, teaching and research experiences, and activities; and engage with the full range of feedback mechanisms, such as trainee surveys, trainee consultation and focus groups.
- Maintain an appropriate standard of dress and appearance as required by your setting and university guidance.
- Adhere to all Data Protection and data handling rules including the use of mobile devices when travelling to and from settings, ensure that any digital images are acquired under the terms of the location they are taken at.
- Ensure that if social media sites are used, details are not shared with learners and young people and privacy settings are set at maximum and that conduct is professional at all times. A professional approach should be taken at all times, with no detrimental mention of any educational settings (including EHU), colleagues, peers, pupils/learners, parents/carers. Trainees should not engage with any learners/parents/carers through social media channels.
- Maintain positive, appropriate professional relationships with learners, parents and staff which always adhere to child protection and safeguarding legislation. In addition, whilst in settings, this includes after school clubs, sports days and residential activities.

Breaches of Conduct

Breaches of conduct, may occur if you are unable to meet the professional and personal standards expected, this may include poor attendance and engagement, inappropriate behaviours, or attitude and dishonestly in the assessment process (malpractice) and may result in one or more of the following actions:

- The requirement for a Progress Support Plan.
- A placement being temporarily suspended by a setting pending an investigation
- A placement being concluded early by a setting
- [A recommendation to attend a Fitness to Practice Panel](#)
- [A referral to a University Academic Misconduct Panel](#)
- [A referral to the University Support to Study process](#)
- [A referral to a University non-academic misconduct panel](#)

End note

This code of conduct is informed by the following:

- Consultations with head teachers, mentors and school-based staff including ongoing consultations with members of the Edge Hill University Strategic Partnership Board
- The standards of behaviour expected of teachers and statutory guidance documents including:
 - the National Conditions of Service for School Teachers in England and Wales. (The Burgundy Book) <https://www.local.gov.uk/our-support/workforce-and-hr-support/education-and-young-people/school-teachers/conditions-service> or respective arrangements for Wales, Northern Ireland and the Isle of Man.
 - [Education Act 2011](#)
 - [Children and Families Act 2014](#)
 - [Keeping children safe in education.](#)
 - [Equal Opportunity and Discrimination \(Equality Act 2010\)](#)
 - [Special educational needs and disability code of practice: 0 to 25 years](#)
 - [Protecting children from radicalisation: the prevent duty DfE](#)
 - [ETF Professional Standards: Professional Standards for Teachers and Trainers \(et-foundation.co.uk\)](#)
 - [Working together to Safeguard Children 2023](#)

Attendance and punctuality

As trainees seeking to work in the professional education sector, **attendance is compulsory across all aspects of our Initial Teacher Education provision, and this includes Professional Practice.** Poor attendance on Professional Practice has an impact on progression through the ITE curriculum and thus can hinder the progression of the trainee.

Reporting an absence

We recognise that on rare occasions, trainees may feel too unwell to attend their Professional Practice. These instances should be rare, infrequent, and it will be expected that the trainee has sought advice from their GP. Trainees should always let their mentor and Link Tutor know at the earliest opportunity if they cannot attend their Professional Practice (for example, the evening before). **For every day that the trainee is absent they are expected to:**

- **Report their absence to their mentor, Course Leader, and Link Tutor before 8am that day. This should via email addressed to all three colleagues.**
- **Follow the process in place for reporting an absence in their setting.**

Absences of longer than 5 consecutive days

Trainees can self-certify their absence from Professional Practice for a maximum of 5 working days. On the 6th day they are expected to return to Professional Practice or to gain a medical certificate from their GP for a longer period of absence. Support will be provided to assist trainees in transitioning back into their Professional Practice following extended periods of absence.

Setting cover work during an absence

Where an absence has not been agreed in advance, trainees are not expected to set cover work however they should do all they can to send their mentor the lessons they were intending to deliver that day (plus any related resources) unless the nature of their absence means this is not possible.

Where an absence has been agreed in advance, mentors and trainees should agree the work which the trainee will set for their classes in their absence and mentors are asked to support trainees with this task.

Making up days absent

There is no requirement for trainees to make up the days they are absent if such absences have been rare, infrequent, and have not impacted on the progression of the trainee through their ITE as evidenced via their WDS. Where absences have impacted on the progress of the trainee, this should be noted in the WDS and the trainee should expect to have additional interventions put in place to enable their progression. This may include an extension to the placement, the use of a Progress Support Plan, or additional opportunities being made available to them.

School closure days, strikes, INSET days etc

Trainees are expected to attend their setting in line with the guidance given to colleagues in that setting. This includes days when the setting may be closed, open only to colleagues (such as INSET days), or open to specific groups of learners (such as on strike days). **If the setting is open, trainees should attend unless their mentor informs them otherwise.** Trainees who are members of a union should seek advice from their union about attendance during periods of strike action and should attend Professional Practice unless their union has informed them differently.

Days for religious observance

It is anticipated that trainee teachers will require no more than two days religious observance during a professional placement. It is the responsibility of the trainee teacher to inform the school and their Link Tutor as far in advance as possible of the need to be absent from placement due to religious observance and to provide appropriate cover work (see guidance above).

PGCE Primary Early Years Education with QTS Consolidation Phase Programme Structure 2024/25

Teaching Progression Across the Placement

There is no requirement for trainees to undertake a specific number of teaching hours for each phase of their professional practice. Rather, mentors should ensure that trainees have regular opportunities to observe and collaborate with experts, practice pedagogical approaches, receive regular purposeful feedback, observe, and be observed.

The table below sets out guidance for the number of hours trainees should be engage in teaching activity per week on each of the three phases to ensure they have sufficient opportunity to practise, be observed, and receive feedback. When not engaged in teaching or support activities within their base classroom it is expected that trainees have opportunities to observe or support other experts across the setting. Time for planning preparation and assessment should be built in across the week but should be school based. Trainees are expected to participate in staff development meetings and the wider life of the school as per a member of staff and under the direction of the head teacher.

Phase	Consolidation		
Mentoring - Minimum hours of mentoring each week	1.5 hours. (This includes your weekly observation and weekly development meeting)		
Subject coverage All trainees must have an opportunity to plan, teach and assess	Systematic synthetic phonics: A minimum of one session with groups	Lead practitioner role (adult lead or child-initiated activities within the indoor and outdoor provisions).	
	Key Requirements and suggested progression:	Lead Practitioner Role (to include training tasks, team teaching and observations of experts)	Planning, Preparation and Assessment
Consolidation Phase Weeks 4-10 Trainees should have an opportunity to experience 6 weeks of 80% contact ratio teaching. The 80% refers to a full teaching timetable as is typically defined by	To plan teach and assess for 80% of the class timetable.	80% Lead Practitioner Role to include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Greeting children and parents Managing indoor provision Managing outdoor provision 	20%

<p>your school. This may be adapted to provide additional support and input in consultation with your link tutor</p>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Managing flow between areas of provision • Supporting children in continuous provision • Promoting children's communication and language in continuous provision • Deployment of all adults in the setting 		
<p>Enhancements</p>	<p>All trainees must plan enhancements to at least 8 areas of provision in the environment.</p> <p>Trainees need to observe/teach any Foundation Subjects that were not taught on Developmental Professional Practice.</p>			
<p>Wider opportunities</p>	<p>Support an extra-curricular club</p>	<p>Support an assembly or collective worship.</p>	<p>Attend pupil progress meetings</p>	<p>School trip including risk assessments</p>
	<p>Parents evening or event and report writing</p>	<p>Supervise play times</p>	<p>Set homework</p>	<p>School events such as world book day/sports day</p>

The Teaching of Systematic Synthetic Phonics (SSP)

There is an expectation to teach SSP across all placements with progression and development across the phases. Below sets out the expectation for this.

In placements where SSP isn't taught regularly in the base class, we ask trainees to be given the opportunity to teach within a different class/key stage for these sessions, or to engage in daily SSP intervention.

There is an expectation for a minimum of one formal lesson observation within SSP and there is a lesson observation template available on the Mentor Space to support the feedback.

Systematic Synthetic Phonics (SSP)		
Introductory	Developmental	Consolidation
Teach a minimum of one SSP lesson	Teach and assess a sequence of SSP lessons	Plan, teach and assess a sequence of SSP lessons

Professional Practice forms: The Weekly Development Summary (WDS)

- The Weekly Development Summary (WDS) is a record of the weekly meeting between trainee and mentor which captures the progress the trainee has made that week in reference to their ITE curriculum.
- It is completed by the mentor each week in the weekly mentor meeting.
- The mentor indicates if the trainee has been able to demonstrate what they know and can do that week in reference to the ITE curriculum set out that week. This may draw from a wide variety of evidence sources, including, but not limited to:
 - Discussion with mentor
 - Discussion with trainee
 - Discussion with learners
 - Discussion with TA / other professionals
 - Learners' responses within the lesson and in their books/work
 - Observation of teaching and learning
 - The trainees' assessment and planning records in their files
 - Informal notes and reflections
- The mentor questions the trainee and records the trainee's responses on the WDS. The mentor makes use of the reading and additional support which has been provided to them for that week to ascertain if the trainee is able to link theory to practice, to make use of current pedagogical research, and to critically reflect on their practice.
- The mentor and trainee also discuss any other matters which have arisen that week such as subject knowledge, additional CPD, and workload.
- The mentor and trainee agree targets which the trainee needs to meet to make progress through the curriculum and note the opportunities which have provided for the trainee to meet this target.
- Finally, the mentor identifies whether sufficient progress has been made that week:
 - Yes.
 - Yes, but this required additional support (which the mentor then lists).
 - No, progress has not been made despite additional support and the trainee may require a Progress Support Plan.
- If not using the Abyasa placement platform, the trainee should upload their WDS to the Placement Management System as per the guidance so the Link Tutor can QA and provide any necessary support/intervention.

Once the WDS has been completed in the weekly review meeting, this is uploaded by the trainee by the agreed deadline for their Link Tutor to review.

Each week, the Link Tutor will review the WDS from the previous week and note if the trainee is making sufficient progress, if further support is being provided, or if sufficient progress is not being made.

Failing to complete/upload their WDS by the agreed deadlines hinders the Link Tutor in assessing the progress of the trainee and can trigger a Progress Support Plan. Moreover, it hinders the Link Tutor's ability to QA the mentoring which the trainee is receiving.

Professional Practice forms: The Lesson Observation form

- The lesson observation form records the one formal lesson observation carried out by the mentor each week.
- Each foundation subject has a separate lesson observation proforma with subject specific prompts.
- Mentor and trainee should agree the teaching which will be observed in advance and in the weekly review meeting.
- Only mentors and expert colleagues who have undertaken their core Edge Hill mentor training can observe the trainee for their formal lesson observation.
- The observation can focus on a full or part of a lesson, or any intervention work the trainee is doing with a small group.
- The focus of the lesson observation is derived from the curriculum for that week but also assess' the trainee subject and pedagogical content knowledge.
- The trainee can be seen with the same class/group of learners if the mentor is unable to arrange cover and/or no other colleague is trained and able to observe.
- By the end of each week the trainee should complete/upload their lesson observation form as per the guidance so the Link Tutor can undertake the necessary quality assurance checks and triangulate with the WDS that sufficient progress is being made.

Mentors will observe a trainee's teaching every week, both formally and informally. The table below indicates the minimum number of formal observations for each placement duration. Throughout the placement, focussed lesson observations will be carried out to ensure that the trainee receives subject specific feedback from an experienced practitioner. The feedback from observations can be used a tool to support the holistic feedback provided in the Weekly Review Meeting. Observation records will be reviewed by Link Tutors to identify subject specific training and support needs for particular cohorts.

Further support and resources

- [ITT Core Content Trainee Teacher Behavioural Toolkit: A Summary](#)
- [Initial Teacher Training and Early Career Framework](#)
- [Adaptive Teaching Adaptive teaching: Rethinking the nature of learning in schools](#)
- [DfE The reading framework: teaching the foundations of literacy](#)



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